



Minimal Solvers for Single-View Lens-Distorted Camera Auto-Calibration



¹Ukrainian Catholic University

²Facebook Reality Labs

Yaroslava Lochman^{1,2} Oles Dobosevych¹ Rostyslav Hryniv¹ James Pritts²

github.com/ylochman/single-view-autocalib

Single-View Auto-Calibration

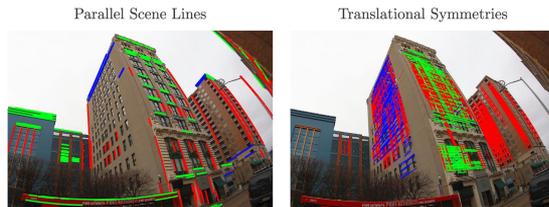
- **Input:** a single (possibly lens-distorted) image
- **Output:** automatic camera calibration
- **Manhattan assumption:** scene contains orthogonal lines or translational symmetries **OR**
- **Coplanarity assumption:** all lines and symmetries are coplanar

State of the Art

Wildenauer et al.: 5 circular arcs
Antunes et al.: 7 circular arcs
Pritts et al.: 4 point correspondences

Circular arcs are hard to group as imaged parallel scene lines
Covariant regions are noisy thus provide less accuracy

Complementary Features



- **Ill-posed setting** — good feature coverage is necessary
- **Propose:** use **parallel scene lines** and **translational symmetries** to rectify planes and auto-calibrate cameras

Configurations of Vanishing Points

Coplanar

$$\mathbf{u}(\lambda) = \mathbf{m}(\lambda) \times \mathbf{m}'(\lambda)$$

$$\mathbf{u}_i(\lambda)^\top \mathbf{1} = 0$$

↓
vanishing line

Orthogonal

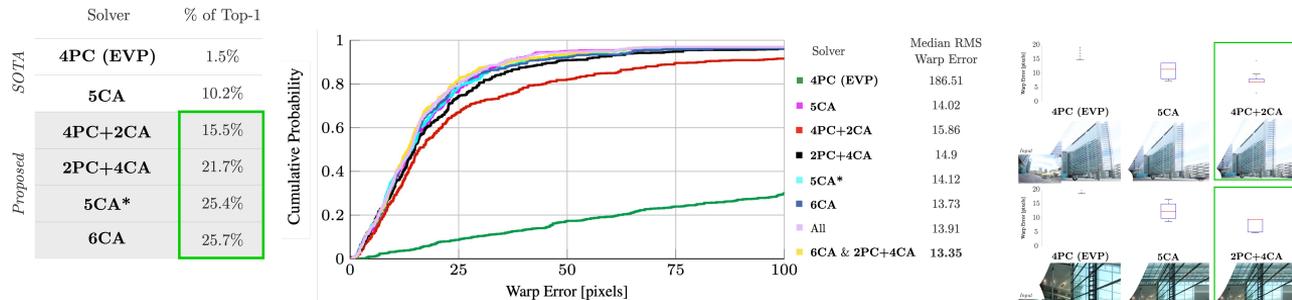
$$\mathbf{u}_i(\lambda)^\top \omega(\mathbf{f}) \mathbf{u}(\lambda)_j = 0$$

↓
image of an absolute conic

3 distinct VPs 2 VPs are coincident

$\mathbf{u}_2(\lambda) \times \mathbf{u}_3(\lambda) = \mathbf{0}$

Performance on AIT dataset



Auto-Calibration Results

Manhattan Planes Rectified



- The solvers are **complementary**
- Combination of proposed **6CA** and **2PC+4CA** gives the best result
- **6CA** is the best individual solver
- RANSAC with **combination of solvers** outperforms standard RANSAC